Employer and Organization Checklist

Retailers

When reopening or expanding services, organizations individually must consider **risk to patrons and employees.** If possible, **slowly transition to increasing services** in order to give your organization time to build and test safety protocols. Strongly **consider special accommodations** for employees who are members of a higher-risk population.

Employers should **develop and implement appropriate policies**, in accordance with federal, state, and local regulations and guidance, and informed by industry best practices. **Use this checklist to start that process.**

	Read the plan: A Community Strategy for Phased Reopening: Phase Two Amendment. Follow the:			
		General Guidelines for Everyone Throughout all Phases (page 6).		
		Phase Two General Guidance for Employers and Other Organizations (page 9).		
☐ Guidance fo		Guidance for Specific Types of Employers and Other Organizations (page 14).		
Utilize Support for Employers & Other Organizations (page 5).				
		Select a COVID-19 coordinator for each physical location.		
		Post safety signage on employee and public entrances.		
		Join the COVID-19 email distribution list (listserv) to stay up-to-date.		

Implement strategies addressing the safety of two broad categories of people:

- Customers, clients, members of the public, etc.
- Employees, coworkers, contract employees, etc.

Develop and implement appropriate policies, in accordance with federal, state, and local regulations and guidance, and informed by industry best practices, regarding:

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	Physica	al distancing and protective equipment. These practices may include:
		ng employees to wear cloth face coverings (or PPE in medical settings or where industry guidance ts its use) when unable to consistently maintain 6 feet of physical distancing.
		For as long as possible, allowing telecommuting , especially for higher-risk individuals. Allowing flexible hours and staggered shifts to increase physical distancing for employees as they enter and leave the workplace.
		Creating signs and barriers that reinforce 6 feet of physical distancing for the protection of your employees and the public.
		Marking the floors where necessary to provide customers clear direction when waiting in line. Implementing one-way aisles.
		Considering making stickers for employees to wear that remind customers to maintain 6 feet of distance.
		Creating plexiglass protective barriers for employees working registers or providing close proximity services.
		If the business has overhead announcements, regularly playing announcements encouraging the maintenance of 6 feet of distancing.
		Encouraging customers to come during non-peak hours. Implementing special hours for seniors and

other higher-risk individuals. Offering or continuing to offer delivery or curbside pickup options.

	Genera	al Sanitation. These practices may include:
		Encouraging employees to engage in hand washing (or the use of hand sanitizer if hands are not visibly soiled) after each customer interaction.
		Having hand sanitizer available at the entrance of the business for customers.
		Discouraging workers from using other employees' equipment , including phones, desks, offices or other work tools, when possible. When not possible, hand sanitizer should be used both prior to use of communal items and immediately after.
		Routinely sanitizing shared surfaces and equipment throughout the day and between users.
		Offering customers single-use grocery bags.
		Considering placing limitations on returns or extending the window in which returns can be made to the place of business.
	Disinfe	d disinfection of common and high-traffic areas. Follow guidance from the CDC for Cleaning and ecting Your Facility, Cleaning and Disinfection for Community Facilities, and Cleaning and Ecting Non-emergency Transport Vehicles. These practices may include:
		Having a clear plan for enhanced cleaning protocols , including who is responsible for each task. Modify business hours if necessary, to allow for deep cleaning.
		Dedicating an employee to working at the entrance sanitizing carts and baskets and encouraging the use of hand sanitizer.
		Cleaning the credit card touch screen and/or keypad after each customer use. Regularly cleaning checkout lanes or counters .
		Cleaning pens, menus and other communal items after each use.
	Busine	ss travel. These practices include:
		Following guidance outlined in each phase. Look up the state and local laws for the area where you employee will travel and if CDC has guidelines for quarantining after travel.
		Remaining aware of the COVID-19 activity in the area where your employee will travel.
Monit	tor wo	rkforce for COVID-19 symptoms and take action.
	a media with so 19 (reg	all employees daily by asking the following questions: Have you been told to quarantine/isolate by cal provider or the health department?; Have you had face-to-face contact for 10 or more minutes ameone who has COVID-19?; Are you feeling ill and/or experiencing any of the symptoms of COVID-cularly check the CDC website for an updated list)? If yes, they should not enter the worksite and
		contact their doctor.
	no-tou approp Commi	t is preferred that employers conduct daily employee temperature checks with a ch thermometer before they enter the workplace, employee daily temperature self-checks are oriate when a thermal thermometer is not available or daily employer checks are not practical. unicate the policy with employees. Daily temperature checks are a tool in your toolbox; they do not the the need to follow the other recommendations.
	•	e any employee to quarantine/isolate according to the guidance of their medical provider or the ounty Health Department when the employee is:
		A positive case for COVID-19; OR
		Waiting for their results of a COVID-19 test; OR
		A close contact of someone with COVID-19.

	fever free for 72 hours without the use of fever-reducing medication or have been released from quarantine/isolation. Employees should not be required to have a negative test to return to work.
	Consider implementing generous sick leave policies to encourage employees to report their illnesses and stay home.
	Maintain employee privacy by not unnecessarily sharing information with others about their illness. Health information is protected by federal law.
Deve	elop and implement ways to track close contact interactions.
	Employers should prepare and implement strategies for determining and tracking close contact interactions between staff and between staff and customers (for example, keeping detailed appointment records and worker shift pairings so you can easily help public health determine close contacts, if needed). This will allow potential cases to be isolated quickly should an employee or customer test positive for COVID-19, preventing future transmissions which protects health and the employer's ability to continue to serve the community.

Additional Guidelines for Retailers

Phase Two Category	Phase Two Guidance	Additional Resources
Retailers Subcategories include: General retail stores Auto sales Clothing stores Consignment/thrift Equipment rental companies Furniture sales Grocery stores Office supply stores Printing/mailing	 □ Continue to follow the "General Guidelines for Everyone Throughout all Phases" (pages 6-8) and the Phase Two "General Guidance for Employers and Other Organizations" (page 9) except as modified below. □ When at least 6 feet of physical distancing cannot be consistently maintained, employees and patrons must wear face coverings. □ Sanitize surfaces and items between users. □ Open doors/windows when practical and allowed by regulatory body, utilize outdoor spaces as practical and follow CDC guidance regarding airflow/ventilation as it continues to emerge. □ As practical, designate an entrance and a separate clearly designated exit to support physical distancing. This may also mean creating entrance and exit "lanes" if a doorway has two doors and no separate 	• OSHA • NY state guidance
NOT Open in Phase Two: • Sampling of food or products is prohibited. • Services that would require the removal of the client's face covering cannot be performed.	 entrance/exit can be practically utilized. Treat every patron and employee as if they are potentially infectious. Provide curbside, pickup and delivery service options, as practical, and encourage their use. Limit the number of customers inside a store at any given time to allow for the free movement of and maximizing of physical distancing between patrons from different households. Distancing floor markers must be used to encourage physical distancing of at least 6 feet throughout the store. Consider one-way aisle markers, as well. Add plexiglass protective barriers for employees working registers. Sampling of food or products is prohibited. Rental equipment, including vehicles, must be disinfected by the retailer or be left unused for at least 72 hours before being rented to another user. Follow CDC guidance for cleaning and disinfecting different types of surfaces. 	

☐ Services that would require the removal of the client's face covering cannot be performed.	